# Package: paws.application.integration (via r-universe)

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**Title** 'Amazon Web Services' Application Integration Services **Version** 0.7.0

**Description** Interface to 'Amazon Web Services' application integration services, including 'Simple Queue Service' ('SQS') message queue, 'Simple Notification Service' ('SNS') publish/subscribe messaging, and more <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/">https://aws.amazon.com/</a>>.

**License** Apache License (>= 2.0)

URL https://github.com/paws-r/paws

BugReports https://github.com/paws-r/paws/issues

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Collate 'eventbridge service.R' 'eventbridge interfaces.R'

'eventbridge\_operations.R' 'eventbridgepipes\_service.R'

 $'eventbridgepipes\_interfaces.R'\ 'eventbridgepipes\_operations.R'$ 

'eventbridgescheduler\_service.R'

'eventbridgescheduler\_interfaces.R'

'eventbridgescheduler\_operations.R' 'locationservice\_service.R'

 $'locations ervice\_interfaces. R'\ 'locations ervice\_operations. R'$ 

'mq\_service.R' 'mq\_interfaces.R' 'mq\_operations.R'

'mwaa\_service.R' 'mwaa\_interfaces.R' 'mwaa\_operations.R'

'reexports\_paws.common.R' 'resourceexplorer\_service.R'

'resourceexplorer\_interfaces.R' 'resourceexplorer\_operations.R'

'schemas\_service.R' 'schemas\_interfaces.R'

'schemas\_operations.R' 'sfn\_service.R' 'sfn\_interfaces.R'

'sfn operations.R' 'sns service.R' 'sns interfaces.R'

'sns\_operations.R' 'sqs\_service.R' 'sqs\_interfaces.R'

'sqs\_operations.R' 'swf\_service.R' 'swf\_interfaces.R' 'swf\_operations.R'

Repository https://paws-r.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/paws-r/paws

RemoteRef HEAD

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# Description

Amazon EventBridge helps you to respond to state changes in your Amazon Web Services resources. When your resources change state, they automatically send events to an event stream. You can create rules that match selected events in the stream and route them to targets to take action. You can also use rules to take action on a predetermined schedule. For example, you can configure rules to:

- Automatically invoke an Lambda function to update DNS entries when an event notifies you that Amazon EC2 instance enters the running state.
- Direct specific API records from CloudTrail to an Amazon Kinesis data stream for detailed analysis of potential security or availability risks.
- Periodically invoke a built-in target to create a snapshot of an Amazon EBS volume.

For more information about the features of Amazon EventBridge, see the Amazon EventBridge User Guide.

#### Usage

```
eventbridge(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

#### credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### **Service syntax**

```
svc <- eventbridge(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

activate\_event\_source
cancel\_replay
create\_api\_destination
create\_archive
create\_connection
create\_endpoint
create\_event\_bus
create\_partner\_event\_source
deactivate\_event\_source
deauthorize\_connection
delete\_api\_destination
delete\_archive
delete\_connection

Activates a partner event source that has been deactivated

Cancels the specified replay

Creates an API destination, which is an HTTP invocation endpoint configured as a targe

Creates an archive of events with the specified settings

Creates a connection Creates a global endpoint

Creates a new event bus within your account

Called by an SaaS partner to create a partner event source

You can use this operation to temporarily stop receiving events from the specified partners

Removes all authorization parameters from the connection

Deletes the specified API destination

Deletes the specified archive

Deletes a connection

delete\_endpoint Delete an existing global endpoint

delete\_event\_bus

Deletes the specified custom event bus or partner event bus

delete\_partner\_event\_source This operation is used by SaaS partners to delete a partner event source

delete\_rule Deletes the specified rule

describe\_api\_destination Retrieves details about an API destination

describe\_archiveRetrieves details about an archivedescribe\_connectionRetrieves details about a connection

describe\_endpoint Get the information about an existing global endpoint describe\_event\_bus Displays details about an event bus in your account

describe\_event\_source This operation lists details about a partner event source that is shared with your account

describe\_replayRetrieves details about a replaydescribe\_ruleDescribes the specified ruledisable\_ruleDisables the specified ruleenable\_ruleEnables the specified rule

list\_api\_destinations Retrieves a list of API destination in the account in the current Region

list\_archives Lists your archives

 list\_connections
 Retrieves a list of connections from the account

 list\_endpoints
 List the global endpoints associated with this account

list\_event\_buses

List the global endpoints associated with this account
Lists all the event buses in your account, including the default event bus, custom event buses in your account, including the default event bus, custom event buses in your account, including the default event bus, custom event buses in your account.

list\_event\_sources

You can use this to see all the partner event sources that have been shared with your An

describe\_partner\_event\_source

list\_partner\_event\_source\_accounts
An SaaS partner can use this operation to display the Amazon Web Services account ID
An SaaS partner can use this operation to list all the partner event source names that the

An SaaS partner can use this operation to list details about a partner event source that the

list\_partner\_event\_sources An SaaS partner car list\_replays Lists your replays

list\_rule\_names\_by\_targetLists the rules for the specified targetlist\_rulesLists your Amazon EventBridge rules

list\_tags\_for\_resource Displays the tags associated with an EventBridge resource

list\_targets\_by\_rule Lists the targets assigned to the specified rule

put\_events Sends custom events to Amazon EventBridge so that they can be matched to rules put\_partner\_events This is used by SaaS partners to write events to a customer's partner event bus

put\_partner\_events This is used by Saas partners to write events to a customer's partner event bus

put\_permission Running PutPermission permits the specified Amazon Web Services account or Amazo

put\_rule Creates or updates the specified rule

put\_targets Adds the specified targets to the specified rule, or updates the targets if they are already remove\_permission Revokes the permission of another Amazon Web Services account to be able to put even

remove\_targets Removes the specified targets from the specified rule

start\_replay Starts the specified replay

tag\_resource Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified EventBridge resource

test\_event\_pattern
untag\_resource
Tests whether the specified event pattern matches the provided event
Removes one or more tags from the specified EventBridge resource

update\_api\_destinationUpdates an API destinationupdate\_archiveUpdates the specified archiveupdate\_connectionUpdates settings for a connectionupdate\_endpointUpdate an existing endpointupdate\_event\_busUpdates the specified event bus

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- eventbridge()
svc$activate_event_source(
   Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

eventbridgepipes

Amazon EventBridge Pipes

# **Description**

Amazon EventBridge Pipes connects event sources to targets. Pipes reduces the need for specialized knowledge and integration code when developing event driven architectures. This helps ensures consistency across your company's applications. With Pipes, the target can be any available EventBridge target. To set up a pipe, you select the event source, add optional event filtering, define optional enrichment, and select the target for the event data.

# Usage

```
eventbridgepipes(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

#### Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
    - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
    - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.

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- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- eventbridgepipes(</pre>
 config = list(
   credentials = list(
     creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
     ),
     profile = "string",
     anonymous = "logical"
   ),
   endpoint = "string",
   region = "string",
   close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
   s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
     access_key_id = "string",
     secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
```

eventbridgescheduler

```
),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
),
   endpoint = "string",
   region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

Create a pipe create\_pipe delete\_pipe Delete an existing pipe describe\_pipe Get the information about an existing pipe list\_pipes Get the pipes associated with this account list\_tags\_for\_resource Displays the tags associated with a pipe Start an existing pipe start\_pipe Stop an existing pipe stop\_pipe Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified pipe tag\_resource untag\_resource Removes one or more tags from the specified pipes update\_pipe Update an existing pipe

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- eventbridgepipes()
svc$create_pipe(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

eventbridgescheduler Amazon EventBridge Scheduler

# **Description**

Amazon EventBridge Scheduler is a serverless scheduler that allows you to create, run, and manage tasks from one central, managed service. EventBridge Scheduler delivers your tasks reliably, with built-in mechanisms that adjust your schedules based on the availability of downstream targets. The following reference lists the available API actions, and data types for EventBridge Scheduler.

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#### Usage

```
eventbridgescheduler(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - **anonymous**: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

#### credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- eventbridgescheduler(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

create schedule Creates the specified schedule create\_schedule\_group Creates the specified schedule group delete schedule Deletes the specified schedule delete\_schedule\_group Deletes the specified schedule group Retrieves the specified schedule get\_schedule get\_schedule\_group Retrieves the specified schedule group Returns a paginated list of your schedule groups list\_schedule\_groups list\_schedules Returns a paginated list of your EventBridge Scheduler schedules list\_tags\_for\_resource Lists the tags associated with the Scheduler resource Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified EventBridge Scheduler resource tag\_resource untag\_resource Removes one or more tags from the specified EventBridge Scheduler schedule group Updates the specified schedule update\_schedule

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- eventbridgescheduler()
svc$create_schedule(
   Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

locationservice

Amazon Location Service

#### Description

"Suite of geospatial services including Maps, Places, Routes, Tracking, and Geofencing"

#### Usage

```
locationservice(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.

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• sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- creds
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- locationservice(</pre>
 config = list(
   credentials = list(
     creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
     ),
     profile = "string",
     anonymous = "logical"
   ),
   endpoint = "string",
   region = "string",
   close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
   s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
     access_key_id = "string",
     secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   profile = "string",
```

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```
anonymous = "logical"
),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
)
```

#### **Operations**

associate\_tracker\_consumer
batch\_delete\_device\_position\_history
batch\_delete\_geofence
batch\_evaluate\_geofences
batch\_get\_device\_position
batch\_put\_geofence
batch\_update\_device\_position

calculate\_route calculate\_route\_matrix create\_geofence\_collection

create\_key
create\_map
create\_place\_index
create\_route\_calculator

create\_tracker

 $delete\_geofence\_collection$ 

delete\_key delete\_map delete\_place\_index delete\_route\_calculator delete\_tracker

describe\_geofence\_collection

describe\_key
describe\_map
describe\_place\_index
describe\_route\_calculator

describe\_tracker

disassociate\_tracker\_consumer forecast\_geofence\_events get\_device\_position

get\_device\_position\_history

get\_geofence get\_map\_glyphs get\_map\_sprites

get\_map\_style\_descriptor

get\_map\_tile get\_place

list\_device\_positions

list\_geofence\_collections

list\_geofences

Creates an association between a geofence collection and a tracker resource Deletes the position history of one or more devices from a tracker resource

Deletes a batch of geofences from a geofence collection

Evaluates device positions against the geofence geometries from a given geofence col

Lists the latest device positions for requested devices

A batch request for storing geofence geometries into a given geofence collection, or u Uploads position update data for one or more devices to a tracker resource (up to 10 c Calculates a route given the following required parameters: DeparturePosition and De Calculates a route matrix given the following required parameters: DeparturePosition

Creates a geofence collection, which manages and stores geofences

Creates an API key resource in your Amazon Web Services account, which lets you g Creates a map resource in your Amazon Web Services account, which provides map to

Creates a place index resource in your Amazon Web Services account Creates a route calculator resource in your Amazon Web Services account

Creates a tracker resource in your Amazon Web Services account, which lets you retr

Deletes a geofence collection from your Amazon Web Services account

Deletes the specified API key

Deletes a map resource from your Amazon Web Services account Deletes a place index resource from your Amazon Web Services account Deletes a route calculator resource from your Amazon Web Services account

Deletes a tracker resource from your Amazon Web Services account

Retrieves the geofence collection details
Retrieves the API key resource details
Retrieves the map resource details
Retrieves the place index resource details
Retrieves the route calculator resource details
Retrieves the tracker resource details

Removes the association between a tracker resource and a geofence collection

Evaluates device positions against geofence geometries from a given geofence collect

Retrieves a device's most recent position according to its sample time

Retrieves the device position history from a tracker resource within a specified range

Retrieves the geofence details from a geofence collection

Retrieves glyphs used to display labels on a map

Retrieves the sprite sheet corresponding to a map resource Retrieves the map style descriptor from a map resource Retrieves a vector data tile from the map resource

Finds a place by its unique ID

A batch request to retrieve all device positions

Lists geofence collections in your Amazon Web Services account

Lists geofences stored in a given geofence collection

mq

list\_keys list\_maps list\_place\_indexes list\_route\_calculators list\_tags\_for\_resource list\_tracker\_consumers list\_trackers put\_geofence search\_place\_index\_for\_position search\_place\_index\_for\_suggestions search\_place\_index\_for\_text tag\_resource untag\_resource update\_geofence\_collection update\_key update\_map update\_place\_index update\_route\_calculator update\_tracker verify\_device\_position

Lists API key resources in your Amazon Web Services account Lists map resources in your Amazon Web Services account Lists place index resources in your Amazon Web Services account Lists route calculator resources in your Amazon Web Services account Returns a list of tags that are applied to the specified Amazon Location resource Lists geofence collections currently associated to the given tracker resource Lists tracker resources in your Amazon Web Services account Stores a geofence geometry in a given geofence collection, or updates the geometry of Reverse geocodes a given coordinate and returns a legible address Generates suggestions for addresses and points of interest based on partial or misspel Geocodes free-form text, such as an address, name, city, or region to allow you to sea Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified Amazon Location Service Removes one or more tags from the specified Amazon Location resource Updates the specified properties of a given geofence collection Updates the specified properties of a given API key resource Updates the specified properties of a given map resource Updates the specified properties of a given place index resource Updates the specified properties for a given route calculator resource Updates the specified properties of a given tracker resource Verifies the integrity of the device's position by determining if it was reported behind

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- locationservice()
svc$associate_tracker_consumer(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mq

AmazonMQ

# **Description**

Amazon MQ is a managed message broker service for Apache ActiveMQ and RabbitMQ that makes it easy to set up and operate message brokers in the cloud. A message broker allows software applications and components to communicate using various programming languages, operating systems, and formal messaging protocols.

#### Usage

```
mq(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

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#### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

credentials Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- mq(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
    creds = list(
    access_key_id = "string",</pre>
```

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```
secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

create broker Creates a broker Creates a new configuration for the specified configuration name create\_configuration Add a tag to a resource create\_tags create\_user Creates an ActiveMQ user delete\_broker Deletes a broker delete\_tags Removes a tag from a resource delete\_user Deletes an ActiveMQ user describe\_broker Returns information about the specified broker describe\_broker\_engine\_types Describe available engine types and versions describe broker instance options Describe available broker instance options describe\_configuration Returns information about the specified configuration describe\_configuration\_revision Returns the specified configuration revision for the specified configuration describe\_user Returns information about an ActiveMQ user list brokers Returns a list of all brokers list\_configuration\_revisions Returns a list of all revisions for the specified configuration list configurations Returns a list of all configurations list\_tags Lists tags for a resource list users Returns a list of all ActiveMQ users promote Promotes a data replication replica broker to the primary broker role reboot\_broker Reboots a broker

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```
update_broker
update_configuration
update_user
```

Adds a pending configuration change to a broker Updates the specified configuration Updates the information for an ActiveMQ user

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- mq()
svc$create_broker(
   Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mwaa

**AmazonMWAA** 

# **Description**

Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow

This section contains the Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) API reference documentation. For more information, see What is Amazon MWAA?.

#### **Endpoints**

- api.airflow.{region}.amazonaws.com This endpoint is used for environment management.
  - create\_environment
  - delete\_environment
  - get\_environment
  - list\_environments
  - list\_tags\_for\_resource
  - tag\_resource
  - untag\_resource
  - update\_environment
- env.airflow.{region}.amazonaws.com This endpoint is used to operate the Airflow environment.
  - create\_cli\_token
  - create\_web\_login\_token

#### Regions

For a list of supported regions, see Amazon MWAA endpoints and quotas in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

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#### **Usage**

```
mwaa(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

#### credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

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#### Service syntax

```
svc <- mwaa(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

create\_cli\_token
create\_environment
create\_web\_login\_token
delete\_environment
get\_environment
list\_environments
list\_tags\_for\_resource
publish\_metrics
tag\_resource
untag\_resource
update\_environment

Creates a CLI token for the Airflow CLI

Creates an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environment Creates a web login token for the Airflow Web UI

Deletes an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environment Describes an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environment Lists the Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environments

Lists the key-value tag pairs associated to the Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (Minternal only

Associates key-value tag pairs to your Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) Removes key-value tag pairs associated to your Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow Updates an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environment

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- mwaa()
svc$create_cli_token(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

resourceexplorer

AWS Resource Explorer

# **Description**

Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer is a resource search and discovery service. By using Resource Explorer, you can explore your resources using an internet search engine-like experience. Examples of resources include Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS) instances, Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) buckets, or Amazon DynamoDB tables. You can search for your resources using resource metadata like names, tags, and IDs. Resource Explorer can search across all of the Amazon Web Services Regions in your account in which you turn the service on, to simplify your cross-Region workloads.

Resource Explorer scans the resources in each of the Amazon Web Services Regions in your Amazon Web Services account in which you turn on Resource Explorer. Resource Explorer creates and maintains an index in each Region, with the details of that Region's resources.

You can search across all of the indexed Regions in your account by designating one of your Amazon Web Services Regions to contain the aggregator index for the account. When you promote a local index in a Region to become the aggregator index for the account, Resource Explorer automatically replicates the index information from all local indexes in the other Regions to the aggregator index. Therefore, the Region with the aggregator index has a copy of all resource information for all Regions in the account where you turned on Resource Explorer. As a result, views in the aggregator index Region include resources from all of the indexed Regions in your account.

For more information about Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer, including how to enable and configure the service, see the Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer User Guide.

#### Usage

```
resourceexplorer(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

#### credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile
  is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- resourceexplorer(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
    creds = list(
    access_key_id = "string",</pre>
```

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```
secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
     ),
     profile = "string";
     anonymous = "logical"
   ),
   endpoint = "string",
   region = "string",
   close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
   s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
     access_key_id = "string",
     secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
 endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

associate\_default\_view batch\_get\_view create\_index create\_view delete\_index delete\_view disassociate\_default\_view get\_account\_level\_service\_configuration get\_default\_view get\_index get\_view list indexes list\_indexes\_for\_members list\_supported\_resource\_types list\_tags\_for\_resource list views search tag\_resource untag\_resource

update\_index\_type

Sets the specified view as the default for the Amazon Web Services Region in whi Retrieves details about a list of views

Turns on Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer in the Amazon Web Services I Creates a view that users can query by using the Search operation

Deletes the specified index and turns off Amazon Web Services Resource Explore. Deletes the specified view

After you call this operation, the affected Amazon Web Services Region no longer Retrieves the status of your account's Amazon Web Services service access, and v Retrieves the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the view that is the default for th Retrieves details about the Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer index in the Retrieves details of the specified view

Retrieves a list of all of the indexes in Amazon Web Services Regions that are curr Retrieves a list of a member's indexes in all Amazon Web Services Regions that are Retrieves a list of all resource types currently supported by Amazon Web Services Lists the tags that are attached to the specified resource

Lists the Amazon resource names (ARNs) of the views available in the Amazon W Searches for resources and displays details about all resources that match the spec Adds one or more tag key and value pairs to an Amazon Web Services Resource E Removes one or more tag key and value pairs from an Amazon Web Services Resource Changes the type of the index from one of the following types to the other

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update\_view

Modifies some of the details of a view

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- resourceexplorer()
svc$associate_default_view(
   Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

schemas

Schemas

# Description

Amazon EventBridge Schema Registry

# Usage

```
schemas(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.

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• sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- creds
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- schemas(</pre>
 config = list(
   credentials = list(
     creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
     ),
     profile = "string",
     anonymous = "logical"
   ),
   endpoint = "string",
   region = "string",
   close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
   s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
     access_key_id = "string",
     secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   profile = "string",
```

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```
anonymous = "logical"
),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

create\_discoverer

create\_registry Creates a registry Creates a schema definition create\_schema delete discoverer Deletes a discoverer delete registry Deletes a Registry Delete the resource-based policy attached to the specified registry delete\_resource\_policy delete\_schema Delete a schema definition Delete the schema version definition delete\_schema\_version describe\_code\_binding Describe the code binding URI describe\_discoverer Describes the discoverer Describes the registry describe registry describe\_schema Retrieve the schema definition export\_schema Export schema get\_code\_binding\_source Get the code binding source URI get\_discovered\_schema Get the discovered schema that was generated based on sampled events Retrieves the resource-based policy attached to a given registry get\_resource\_policy list discoverers List the discoverers list\_registries List the registries list\_schemas List the schemas list\_schema\_versions Provides a list of the schema versions and related information list tags for resource Get tags for resource put code binding Put code binding URI

Creates a discoverer

put\_code\_binding
put\_resource\_policy
search\_schemas
start\_discoverer
stop\_discoverer
tag\_resource
untag\_resource

Put code binding URI
The name of the policy
Search the schemas
Starts the discoverer
Stops the discoverer
Add tags to a resource
Removes tags from a resource

update\_discoverer Updates the discoverer

update\_registry Updates a registry

update\_schema Updates the schema definition

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- schemas()
svc$create_discoverer(
  Foo = 123</pre>
```

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```
)
## End(Not run)
```

sfn

AWS Step Functions

#### **Description**

Step Functions

Step Functions coordinates the components of distributed applications and microservices using visual workflows.

You can use Step Functions to build applications from individual components, each of which performs a discrete function, or *task*, allowing you to scale and change applications quickly. Step Functions provides a console that helps visualize the components of your application as a series of steps. Step Functions automatically triggers and tracks each step, and retries steps when there are errors, so your application executes predictably and in the right order every time. Step Functions logs the state of each step, so you can quickly diagnose and debug any issues.

Step Functions manages operations and underlying infrastructure to ensure your application is available at any scale. You can run tasks on Amazon Web Services, your own servers, or any system that has access to Amazon Web Services. You can access and use Step Functions using the console, the Amazon Web Services SDKs, or an HTTP API. For more information about Step Functions, see the *Step Functions Developer Guide*.

If you use the Step Functions API actions using Amazon Web Services SDK integrations, make sure the API actions are in camel case and parameter names are in Pascal case. For example, you could use Step Functions API action startSyncExecution and specify its parameter as StateMachineArn.

# Usage

```
sfn(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

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- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

credentials Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- sfn(
 config = list(
   credentials = list(
     creds = list(
       access_key_id = "string",
       secret_access_key = "string",
       session_token = "string"
     ),
     profile = "string",
     anonymous = "logical"
   ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
   close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
   s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
 credentials = list(
```

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```
creds = list(
    access_key_id = "string",
    secret_access_key = "string",
    session_token = "string"
),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string"
```

#### **Operations**

create\_activity Creates an activity
create\_state\_machine Creates a state machine
create\_state\_machine\_alias
Creates an alias for a str

delete\_activityDeletes an activitydelete\_state\_machineDeletes a state machinedelete\_state\_machine\_aliasDeletes a state machine aliasdelete\_state\_machine\_versionDeletes a state machine version

delete\_state\_machine\_versionDeletes a state machine versiondescribe\_activityDescribes an activitydescribe\_executionProvides information about a state machine execution, such as the state machine associated as the state machine as the state mac

describe\_map\_run

describe\_state\_machine

Provides information about a Map Run's configuration, progress, and results

Provides information about a state machine's definition, its IAM role Amazon Resource.

describe\_state\_machine\_alias Returns details about a state machine alias

describe\_state\_machine\_for\_execution get\_activity\_task

Provides information about a state machine's definition, its execution role ARN, and Used by workers to retrieve a task (with the specified activity ARN) which has been

get\_execution\_history Returns the history of the specified execution as a list of events

et\_execution\_mstory Returns the instory of the specified execution as a list of

list\_activities Lists the existing activities

list\_executions Lists all executions of a state machine or a Map Run

list\_map\_runs Lists all Map Runs that were started by a given state machine execution

list\_state\_machine\_aliases Lists aliases for a specified state machine ARN

list\_state\_machines Lists the existing state machines

lists\_state\_machine\_versions Lists versions for the specified state machine Amazon Resource Name (ARN)

list\_tags\_for\_resource List tags for a given resource

publish\_state\_machine\_version Creates a version from the current revision of a state machine

redrive\_execution
Restarts unsuccessful executions of Standard workflows that didn't complete success send\_task\_failure
Used by activity workers, Task states using the callback pattern, and optionally Task send\_task\_heartbeat
Used by activity workers and Task states using the callback pattern, and optionally Task used task\_success
Used by activity workers, Task states using the callback pattern, and optionally Task

start\_execution Starts a state machine execution

start\_sync\_execution Starts a Synchronous Express state machine execution

stop\_execution Stops an execution

tag\_resource Add a tag to a Step Functions resource

test\_state Accepts the definition of a single state and executes it

untag\_resource Remove a tag from a Step Functions resource

update\_map\_run Updates an in-progress Map Run's configuration to include changes to the settings the

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```
update_state_machine_alias
validate_state_machine_definition
```

Updates an existing state machine by modifying its definition, roleArn, loggingConf Updates the configuration of an existing state machine alias by modifying its descrip Validates the syntax of a state machine definition

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- sfn()
svc$create_activity(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

sns

Amazon Simple Notification Service

# **Description**

Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) is a web service that enables you to build distributed web-enabled applications. Applications can use Amazon SNS to easily push real-time notification messages to interested subscribers over multiple delivery protocols. For more information about this product see the Amazon SNS product page. For detailed information about Amazon SNS features and their associated API calls, see the Amazon SNS Developer Guide.

For information on the permissions you need to use this API, see <u>Identity and access management</u> in Amazon SNS in the *Amazon SNS Developer Guide*.

We also provide SDKs that enable you to access Amazon SNS from your preferred programming language. The SDKs contain functionality that automatically takes care of tasks such as: cryptographically signing your service requests, retrying requests, and handling error responses. For a list of available SDKs, go to Tools for Amazon Web Services.

#### Usage

```
sns(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token

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- profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

#### credentials

Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- sns(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
    ),
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string",
  close_connection = "logical",</pre>
```

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```
timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
),
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string"
```

#### **Operations**

publish

add\_permission check\_if\_phone\_number\_is\_opted\_out confirm\_subscription create\_platform\_application create\_platform\_endpoint create\_sms\_sandbox\_phone\_number create\_topic delete\_endpoint delete\_platform\_application delete\_sms\_sandbox\_phone\_number delete\_topic get\_data\_protection\_policy get\_endpoint\_attributes get\_platform\_application\_attributes get\_sms\_attributes get\_sms\_sandbox\_account\_status get\_subscription\_attributes get\_topic\_attributes list\_endpoints\_by\_platform\_application list\_origination\_numbers list\_phone\_numbers\_opted\_out list\_platform\_applications list\_sms\_sandbox\_phone\_numbers list\_subscriptions list\_subscriptions\_by\_topic list\_tags\_for\_resource list\_topics opt\_in\_phone\_number

Adds a statement to a topic's access control policy, granting access for the specified Accepts a phone number and indicates whether the phone holder has opted out of reverifies an endpoint owner's intent to receive messages by validating the token sent Creates a platform application object for one of the supported push notification services an endpoint for a device and mobile app on one of the supported push notification phone number to an Amazon Web Services account in the SMS Creates a topic to which notifications can be published

Deletes the endpoint for a device and mobile app from Amazon SNS

Deletes a platform application object for one of the supported push notification serv Deletes an Amazon Web Services account's verified or pending phone number from Deletes a topic and all its subscriptions

Retrieves the specified inline DataProtectionPolicy document that is stored in the specified the endpoint attributes for a device on one of the supported push notificat Retrieves the attributes of the platform application object for the supported push no Returns the settings for sending SMS messages from your Amazon Web Services a Retrieves the SMS sandbox status for the calling Amazon Web Services account in Returns all of the properties of a subscription

Returns all of the properties of a topic

Lists the endpoints and endpoint attributes for devices in a supported push notificat Lists the calling Amazon Web Services account's dedicated origination numbers an Returns a list of phone numbers that are opted out, meaning you cannot send SMS Lists the platform application objects for the supported push notification services, s Lists the calling Amazon Web Services account's current verified and pending destination.

Returns a list of the requester's subscriptions

Returns a list of the subscriptions to a specific topic List all tags added to the specified Amazon SNS topic

Returns a list of the requester's topics

Use this request to opt in a phone number that is opted out, which enables you to re Sends a message to an Amazon SNS topic, a text message (SMS message) directly 32 sqs

publish\_batch
put\_data\_protection\_policy
remove\_permission
set\_endpoint\_attributes
set\_platform\_application\_attributes
set\_sms\_attributes
set\_subscription\_attributes
set\_topic\_attributes
subscribe
tag\_resource
unsubscribe
untag\_resource
verify\_sms\_sandbox\_phone\_number

Publishes up to ten messages to the specified topic

Adds or updates an inline policy document that is stored in the specified Amazon S

Removes a statement from a topic's access control policy

Sets the attributes for an endpoint for a device on one of the supported push notifica Sets the attributes of the platform application object for the supported push notifica Use this request to set the default settings for sending SMS messages and receiving

Allows a subscription owner to set an attribute of the subscription to a new value

Allows a topic owner to set an attribute of the topic to a new value

Subscribes an endpoint to an Amazon SNS topic Add tags to the specified Amazon SNS topic

Deletes a subscription

Remove tags from the specified Amazon SNS topic

Verifies a destination phone number with a one-time password (OTP) for the calling

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- sns()
svc$add_permission(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Amazon Simple Queue Service

# Description

Welcome to the Amazon SQS API Reference.

Amazon SQS is a reliable, highly-scalable hosted queue for storing messages as they travel between applications or microservices. Amazon SQS moves data between distributed application components and helps you decouple these components.

For information on the permissions you need to use this API, see <u>Identity and access management</u> in the *Amazon SQS Developer Guide*.

You can use Amazon Web Services SDKs to access Amazon SQS using your favorite programming language. The SDKs perform tasks such as the following automatically:

- · Cryptographically sign your service requests
- · Retry requests
- · Handle error responses

#### Additional information

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- Amazon SQS Product Page
- Amazon SQS Developer Guide
  - Making API Requests
  - Amazon SQS Message Attributes
  - Amazon SQS Dead-Letter Queues
- Amazon SQS in the Command Line Interface
- Amazon Web Services General Reference
  - Regions and Endpoints

#### Usage

```
sqs(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- **close\_connection**: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

credentials Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - **session\_token**: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client. region Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

sqs

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- sqs(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
  ),
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

#### **Operations**

add\_permission
cancel\_message\_move\_task
change\_message\_visibility
change\_message\_visibility\_batch
create\_queue
delete\_message
delete\_message\_batch
delete\_queue

Adds a permission to a queue for a specific principal

Cancels a specified message movement task

Changes the visibility timeout of a specified message in a queue to a new value

Changes the visibility timeout of multiple messages

Creates a new standard or FIFO queue

Deletes the specified message from the specified queue Deletes up to ten messages from the specified queue

Deletes the queue specified by the QueueUrl, regardless of the queue's contents

get\_queue\_attributes
get\_queue\_url
list\_dead\_letter\_source\_queues
list\_message\_move\_tasks
list\_queues
list\_queue\_tags
purge\_queue
receive\_message
remove\_permission
send\_message
send\_message\_batch
set\_queue\_attributes
start\_message\_move\_task
tag\_queue
untag\_queue

Gets attributes for the specified queue

Returns the URL of an existing Amazon SQS queue

Returns a list of your queues that have the RedrivePolicy queue attribute configured with a Gets the most recent message movement tasks (up to 10) under a specific source queue

Returns a list of your queues in the current region

List all cost allocation tags added to the specified Amazon SQS queue

Deletes available messages in a queue (including in-flight messages) specified by the Que

Retrieves one or more messages (up to 10), from the specified queue

Revokes any permissions in the queue policy that matches the specified Label parameter

Delivers a message to the specified queue

You can use SendMessageBatch to send up to 10 messages to the specified queue by assig

Sets the value of one or more queue attributes, like a policy

Starts an asynchronous task to move messages from a specified source queue to a specifie

Add cost allocation tags to the specified Amazon SQS queue

Remove cost allocation tags from the specified Amazon SQS queue

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- sqs()
svc$add_permission(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Amazon Simple Workflow Service

# Description

swf

The Amazon Simple Workflow Service (Amazon SWF) makes it easy to build applications that use Amazon's cloud to coordinate work across distributed components. In Amazon SWF, a *task* represents a logical unit of work that is performed by a component of your workflow. Coordinating tasks in a workflow involves managing intertask dependencies, scheduling, and concurrency in accordance with the logical flow of the application.

Amazon SWF gives you full control over implementing tasks and coordinating them without worrying about underlying complexities such as tracking their progress and maintaining their state.

This documentation serves as reference only. For a broader overview of the Amazon SWF programming model, see the *Amazon SWF Developer Guide*.

# Usage

```
swf(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- · credentials:
  - creds:
    - \* access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
    - \* secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
    - \* session\_token: AWS temporary session token
  - **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
  - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close\_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3\_force\_path\_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts\_regional\_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html

credentials Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter

- · creds:
  - access\_key\_id: AWS access key ID
  - secret\_access\_key: AWS secret access key
  - session\_token: AWS temporary session token
- profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile
  is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

endpoint

Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.

region

Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- swf(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
    creds = list(
    access_key_id = "string",</pre>
```

```
secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
     ),
     profile = "string";
     anonymous = "logical"
   ),
   endpoint = "string",
   region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
     access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

# **Operations**

count\_closed\_workflow\_executions count\_open\_workflow\_executions count\_pending\_activity\_tasks count\_pending\_decision\_tasks delete\_activity\_type delete\_workflow\_type deprecate\_activity\_type deprecate\_domain deprecate\_workflow\_type describe\_activity\_type describe\_domain describe\_workflow\_execution describe\_workflow\_type get\_workflow\_execution\_history list\_activity\_types list\_closed\_workflow\_executions list domains list\_open\_workflow\_executions list\_tags\_for\_resource list\_workflow\_types

Returns the number of closed workflow executions within the given domain that meet to Returns the number of open workflow executions within the given domain that meet the Returns the estimated number of activity tasks in the specified task list. Returns the estimated number of decision tasks in the specified task list.

Deletes the specified activity type Deletes the specified workflow type Deprecates the specified activity type Deprecates the specified domain Deprecates the specified workflow type

Returns information about the specified activity type

Returns information about the specified domain, including description and status

Returns information about the specified workflow execution including its type and som

Returns information about the specified workflow type Returns the history of the specified workflow execution

Returns information about all activities registered in the specified domain that match the Returns a list of closed workflow executions in the specified domain that meet the filter

Returns the list of domains registered in the account

Returns a list of open workflow executions in the specified domain that meet the filtering

List tags for a given domain

Returns information about workflow types in the specified domain

poll\_for\_activity\_task poll\_for\_decision\_task record\_activity\_task\_heartbeat register\_activity\_type register\_domain register\_workflow\_type request\_cancel\_workflow\_execution respond\_activity\_task\_canceled respond\_activity\_task\_completed respond\_activity\_task\_failed respond\_decision\_task\_completed signal\_workflow\_execution start\_workflow\_execution tag\_resource terminate\_workflow\_execution undeprecate\_activity\_type undeprecate\_domain undeprecate\_workflow\_type untag\_resource

Used by workers to get an ActivityTask from the specified activity taskList
Used by deciders to get a DecisionTask from the specified decision taskList
Used by activity workers to report to the service that the ActivityTask represented by the
Registers a new activity type along with its configuration settings in the specified doma
Registers a new domain

Registers a new workflow type and its configuration settings in the specified domain Records a WorkflowExecutionCancelRequested event in the currently running workflo Used by workers to tell the service that the ActivityTask identified by the taskToken we Used by workers to tell the service that the ActivityTask identified by the taskToken co Used by workers to tell the service that the ActivityTask identified by the taskToken had Used by deciders to tell the service that the DecisionTask identified by the taskToken had Records a WorkflowExecutionSignaled event in the workflow execution history and crestarts an execution of the workflow type in the specified domain using the provided workflow tag to a Amazon SWF domain

Records a WorkflowExecutionTerminated event and forces closure of the workflow exe Undeprecates a previously deprecated activity type Undeprecates a previously deprecated domain Undeprecates a previously deprecated workflow type Remove a tag from a Amazon SWF domain

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
svc <- swf()
svc$count_closed_workflow_executions(
   Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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